2022 EXPLORATION REPORT ON THE BRALORNE EAST PROPERTY

Statement of Work Event Number: 5972272

Lillooet Mining Division, South-Central British Columbia, Canada

NTS Map Sheet: 92J/15W

Center of Work:

50° 48' 31.9453" N Latitude, 122° 45' 16.0622" W Longitude (UTM NAD 83 Zone 10 517300 E, 5628600 N)

Owned and Operated by:

Michael Richard Lee Wild West Gold Corp. 60562 Granville Park Vancouver, B.C. V6H 489

Prepared by:

Matt Fraser, B.Sc.

Date: June 2, 2023

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1 SUMMARY

The Bralorne East property, strategically located within the historic Bralorne-Pioneer Gold Mining Camp, is situated in a region known for its gold mines and gold-bearing veins. While no significant mineralization has been identified on the property yet, its proximity to active mining operations and its geological setting suggest it holds potential that warrants further investigation.

The 2022 exploration program conducted on the property was introductory in nature. It included a drone magnetic survey and the collection of 40 Mobile Metal Ion (MMI) samples from the southern extremity of the claim, and four stream sediment samples from an area just off the northeast.

The scope of this program was limited. Moving forward, a broader and more systematic exploration strategy is recommended. Given the property's topography, characterized by steep relief and valleys interspersed with accessible roads, and the prevalence of multiple streams draining the area, the implementation of Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) and Bulk Leach Extractable Gold (BLEG) sampling in the stream drainages is suggested. These methods have the potential to detect gold and other heavy minerals, possibly leading to the discovery of previously unrecognized gold veins. This approach offers a cost-effective initial exploration of the property, especially considering that more extensive parts of it are only accessible by helicopter.

Regional magnetic data analysis has identified two significant magnetic highs, suggesting areas of increased prospectivity. Trend 1 aligns with known mineralization, such as the Gray Rock Mine, Bralorne West's Ranger and Saddle gold occurrences, and Endurance Gold's Reliance Property. Trend 2, located to the north, appears to be associated with the Mary Mac and Olympic occurrences. Both trends merit further investigation in future exploration programs.

2 LOCATION, ACCESS, PHYSIOGRAPHY, CLIMATE, AND INFRASTRUCTURE

2.1 Location

The Bralorne East property is located within the Lillooet Mining Division, approximately 60km northwest of Lillooet, 8km east of Gold Bridge, and 2km east of Bralorne, B.C. The property is located within NTS Map Sheet 92J/15 with a property center latitude of 50° 48' 32" N and 122° 45' 16" W (UTM WGS 84 Zone 10 517300 E, 5628600 N).



Figure 1. Bralorne East: Location Map.

2.2 Access

The most direct access to the Bralorne East claims is via Gold Bridge, a town situated 250km northeast of Vancouver. The journey to Gold Bridge requires travelling on Highway 99, a route that includes Whistler and Pemberton en route to Lillooet, followed by a 105km drive west on Highway 40.

From Gold Bridge, the Kingdom Lake Access Road allows entry to the southwestern portion of the Bralorne East claims, as indicated in Figure 2.

The Truax access trail, leading to the southern slopes of Mount Truax, provides access to the central part of the claim group. At present, this trail requires substantial repair to become passable for all-terrain vehicles. However, despite the current condition, traversing the trail on foot remains a possibility.

An alternative access point is the Gray Rock Mine Access Road, paralleling the eastern boundary of the claims. From this road, a steep hike of 1 - 2 km is required to reach the far eastern portion of the claims.

Access to the rest of the Bralorne East property necessitates the use of a helicopter due to the challenging nature of the terrain.

2.3 Physiography and Climate

The Bralorne East property is situated within the Southern Chilcotin Ranges Ecosection of the Interior Transition Ranges Ecoregion. Characterized by rugged coastal plutonic rocks typical of the Pacific Ranges, this area features a foothills mountain landscape with high rounded mountains and deep, narrow valleys (Demarchi 2011).

Elevations within the property vary from 1300m at its southwestern boundary to 2860m at the peak of Mount Truax (Figure 2). The valleys and lower slopes are primarily covered by Interior Douglas-fir and Montane Spruce forests, while subalpine forests are prevalent on the middle mountain slopes. The upper slopes are dominated by extensive alpine tundra.

This region is located in a rainshadow caused by easterly moving coastal weather systems, leading to a significant influence from interior weather systems. Particularly in winter, dense Arctic air can invade from the north. Precipitation is moderate to heavy throughout the year. Winters, lasting from November to mid-April, are long and cold. Summers are warm and humid, with rainfall often exceeding 10 cm per month. The exploration season extends from mid-May to late October.

2.4 Infrastructure

The area has extensive logging, mineral exploration, and hard rock mining operations. The primary settlements are Gold Bridge and Bralorne, with a combined local population of roughly 200.

Several recreational cabins are situated around Gun Lake. Gold Bridge has limited facilities, including two motels, a restaurant, a gas station, a grocery store, and a school that serves students from kindergarten to grade seven. The Bralorne mine site, consisting of a 25-person bunkhouse, cookhouse, dry, and offices, is located in Bralorne. Both towns are connected to the BC electric power grid, with the Lajoie Dam and Powerhouse facility, operated by BC Hydro, positioned on the Downton Lake Reservoir just 3km from Gold Bridge.

The property itself is interspersed with multiple freshwater streams, creeks, and lakes, providing ample water sources for all mineral exploration activities.



Figure 2. Bralorne East: Property Overview Map

3 CLAIMS AND OWNERSHIP

Bralorne East consists of 6 contiguous claims covering 2531.646 hectares. All claims are owned by Michael Richard Lee of Wild West Gold Corp (Table 1, Figure 2).

Tenure # Claim Name		Owner Name	Issue Date	Good to Date	Area (ha)	
<u>1080579</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	224.7605	
<u>1080580</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	326.7883	
<u>1080581</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	408.4706	
<u>1080582</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	428.865	
<u>1080583</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	571.5432	
<u>1080584</u>		LEE, MICHAEL RICHARD	1/14/2021	1/22/2024	571.2184	
Total Area: 2531.646 ha						

Table 1. List of Tenures

4 EXPLORATION HISTORY

4.1 Regional History

In the 1860s prospectors from the Fraser River and Cariboo regions discovered placer gold in the Bridge River. Hardrock claims were staked in the 1890s and over time the Bridge River area became British Columbia's leading gold camp.

The Bridge River Mining Camp encompasses 5 former mines – Bralorne-Pioneer, Wayside, Minto, Congress, and Gray Rock – and more than 60 mineral prospects. The total historical output from 5 of the major gold producing mines is approximately 4.5 million ounces of gold – or \$10.8 billion CAD at today's prices (Table 2).

Mine	Total Ore (tonnes)	Grade (Au - g/t)	Total Mined (Au - kg)	Total Mined (Au - ounces)	Value (At \$2,350 CAD/oz)
Bralorne- Pioneer	7,295,900.00	17.70	129,137.43	4,555,193.71	\$ 10,704,705,208.68
Wayside	39,109.00	4.20	164.26	5,794.03	\$ 13,615,969.65
Minto	80,650.00	6.80	548.42	19,344.97	\$ 45,460,672.64
Congress	943.00	2.70	2.55	89.81	\$ 211,056.16
				4.580.422.51	\$ 10,763,992,907,12

Table 2. Major Gold Producers of the Bridge River Mining Camp

4.2 Bralorne East Property History and Mineralization

The Bralorne East property is situated in a region that has undergone considerable exploration work. Adjacent prospects with significant work include Ranger and Truax to the north, the past-producing Gray Rock and Mary Mac to the east, and the developed Waterloo prospect to the south. Historically, any work conducted within Bralorne East was part of larger surveys performed on these nearby occurrences.

The property itself is host to two recorded mineral occurrences: Truax Road and Water 3, as outlined in MINFILE records (refer to Table 3). Both of these showings are situated north of Fergusson Creek.

The Truax Road showing is believed to be linked to the Truax II Prospect on Wild West's Bralorne North Property. This showing is located in a strongly sheared and altered gully, thought to represent a conjugate structure to the Fergusson Creek fault. In a 2003 survey, rock sample RMR-T3-02 yielded assays of 3.4 g/t

Ag and 0.114% Cu. Soil samples from the area were slightly anomalous in gold (with values up to 45 ppb), arsenic (up to 507 ppm), and copper (up to 356 ppm) (Montgomery 2003).

MINFILE #	Name	Commodities	Deposit Type
<u>092JNE192</u>	Truax Road	AG, AU, SB, CU	Polymetallic veins (L05), stibnite veins (L09), porphyry Mo (L08)
092JNE193	Water 3	AU, AG, CU, PB, SB	Polymetallic veins (L05)

Table 3. Bralorne East: Mineral Occurrences

The Water 3 showing consists of a 50-centimeter wide pegmatitic quartz vein mineralized with pyrite, pyrrhotite, galena, and chalcopyrite. A select grab sample taken in 1991 (648R) assayed 0.11 g/t Au, 33.3 g/t Ag, 0.160% Cu, 0.211% Pb, and 0.14% Sb. The Water 3 showing was discovered during a prospecting program on the Waterloo claims. However, no further exploration work was recommended for this area (Schimann 1991).

5 GEOLOGY

5.1 Regional Geology

The Bralorne East property is situated within the Bridge River Mining Camp of southwestern British Columbia. The regional geology is depicted in Figure 3. The geological setting and metallogeny of the region are thoroughly described by Hart et al. (2008) and Church and Jones (1999).

Straddling the tectonic boundary between the Cache Creek and Stikine allochthonous terranes, the Bridge River district showcases a complex geological profile. Bridge River Terrane, a possible counterpart to the Cache Creek Terrane, consists of oceanic and transitional crustal slabs. These slabs are stacked against the continental margin along with island-arc-related units from the Cadwallader Terrane, considered a part of the Stikine Terrane. In the area, diverse rock units from these terranes are structurally deformed and imbricated. Gabbroic and ultramafic rocks appear in large fault-bounded slices, crosscut by later northwest-and north-trending major faults related to the Fraser-Yalakom regional dextral strike slip fault system. Late Cretaceous and Tertiary granitic plutons, along with related dikes, add further complexity to the region (Church, 1996).

Bridge River Terrane features Mississippian to Middle Jurassic accretionary complexes consisting of oceanic basalt, gabbro, ultramafic rocks, chert, basalt, shale, and argillite. It shares a boundary with Late Triassic to Early Jurassic island arc volcanic rocks and mostly marine, arc-marginal clastic strata of the Cadwallader Terrane. Above these assemblages are variably non-marine successions from the Jurassic-Cretaceous Tyaughton Basin, mostly situated to the north (Hart et al., 2008).

The region has been intruded by various Cretaceous and Tertiary plutonic and volcanic rocks, along with their hypabyssal counterparts. Among these, the significant Cretaceous granitoid bodies forming the Coast Plutonic Complex (CPC) stand out, including the 92 Ma Dickson McClure intrusions and the large Late Cretaceous Bendor plutonic suite bodies. Hypabyssal magmatism is highlighted by the emplacement of porphyritic dikes from 84 to 66 Ma and the youngest magmatic event - the 44 Ma lamprophyre dikes (Hart et al., 2008).

Mid-Cretaceous contractional deformation in the Shulaps thrust belt and the Bralorne-Eldorado fault system has significantly deformed the district. This deformation and metamorphism occurred around 130 to 92 Ma, with synorogenic sedimentary flysch, as young as mid-Cretaceous, being cut by the faults (Hart et al., 2008). The Bridge River and Cadwallader Terrane meet along the Bralorne-Eldorado fault system, leading to the formation of the Bralorne-East Liza Lake thrust belt, a 1- to 3-km-wide zone of tectonized and serpentinized late Paleozoic mafic and ultramafic rocks (Schiarizza et al., 1997).

The principal gold-forming event in the Bridge River district occurred around 68 to 64 Ma at the Bralorne-

Pioneer deposit, either preceding or coinciding with the Bendor batholith emplacement. This gold event coincided with the onset of dextral strike-slip faulting that facilitated regional uplift and widespread fluid flow along the reactivated, crustal-scale fault systems, emplacing gold mineralization at deeper crustal scales, and more epizonal Sb, polymetallic and Hg deposits at shallow crustal levels (Hart et al., 2008).



Figure 3. Regional tectonic and geological setting of the Bridge River mining district in southern British Columbia (after Hart et al., 2008)



Figure 4. Regional geology of the Bridge River mining district (after Hart et. al, 2008)

5.2 Property Geology

The geology of Bralorne East is illustrated in Figure 5. The property is predominantly underlain by sedimentary and volcanic rocks of the Bridge River Complex (CJBRsv). In the central portion of the claims, these rocks have been intruded by a sliver of the Bralorne-East Lisa Complex (PBELgb) and granodiorites of the Bendor Batholith (LKPeBgd).



Figure 5. Bralorne East: Property Geology

6 2022 EXPLORATION

Exploration activities in 2022 on the Bralorne East property consisted of a drone magnetic survey, a Mobile Metal Ion (MMI) geochemical survey, and the collection of stream sediment samples.

6.1 Drone Magnetic Survey

The drone magnetic survey was conducted over the southern part of the claims, covering a total of 11.9 line-km. The extent of the survey was constrained by the steep terrain and limited road access to the property.

Theory

The drone was equipped with an alkali vapour magnetometer, which uses the excitation of valence electrons in a vaporized alkali metal for operation. After the excitation phase, a depolarization phase ensues, modulating light in a way that allows conversion of frequency values into magnetic field units. The magnetic field is then accurately estimated by correlating it with the energy difference driving the electron transition during depolarization.

Equipment Specifications

The DJI Matrice 600 Pro drone, a robust hexacopter with a lifting capacity of up to 6 kg, was employed for the survey. Powered by six DJI intelligent rechargeable batteries, the drone ensured stable flights and enhanced safety measures. The drone was outfitted with a GEM Systems drone magnetometer, an external GPS, and a laser altimeter for precise measurements.

The magnetometer, GEM Systems GSMP-35U, is a lightweight yet high-sensitivity device explicitly built for UAVs. It was attached to the M600 Pro using a 2-metre cable. This magnetometer provides unmatched sensitivity, absolute accuracy, and gradient tolerance.

To account for diurnal field variations during drone magnetic measurements, a GEM Systems GSMP-35 base magnetometer was also set up daily, capturing data at 1-second intervals.

Data Acquisition and Processing

Flying at an altitude of 100m above ground level (AGL), the drone moved at 10 m/s, taking in-line measurements every 1.0 m. Lines were laid out east-west and spaced 100 m apart. The collected magnetic data was subsequently processed using Oasis Montaj software to derive the total magnetic intensity (TMI). From the TMI map, First Vertical Derivative (FVD), Analytic Signal (AS), and Tilt Derivative (TDR) grids were generated.

6.2 MMI Geochemical Sampling Survey

Along the southern boundary of the property, 40 MMI samples were collected. This involved digging a pit over 25 cm deep, then employing a Dutch auger to reach beneath the volcanic ash layer. Each hole was augured to its maximum depth, and approximately 250 grams of sample material was gathered and bagged, marked with the collection site.

These MMI samples were analyzed using a handheld Niton XL3t XRF analyzer. They have not been submitted for further laboratory analysis.

6.3 Stream Sediment Sampling

In addition to the drone magnetic and MMI geochemical sampling surveys, four stream sediment samples were collected from streams draining the northeastern portion of the property. These samples, gathered from low-energy sites, comprised 1.5-2.5 kg of sand and finer inorganic material.



Figure 6. Bralorne East: Overview of 2022 Work

7 2022 EXPLORATION RESULTS

7.1 Drone Magnetic Survey Results

Maps detailing the drone magnetic survey can be found in Appendix 3. The survey revealed a range from 54,030 – 54,248 nT. The northern portion of the survey displayed a more prominent magnetic response compared to its southern counterpart. Government maps indicate this area as sedimentary and volcanic rocks of the Bridge River Complex (CJBRsv). It's inferred that regions with higher magnetic response are underlain by meta-volcanics, whereas those with lower response correspond to meta-sediments.

On the tilt derivative map, magnetic lows delineate the northeast striking Lake and East Faults. Parallel lows may suggest hidden faults approximately 300 m east of each mapped fault.

7.2 MMI Sampling Results

MMI sampling results can be found in Appendix 4. As the MMI samples were analyzed solely using XRF, interpretation of results was primarily focused on consistently identified elements. The Niton xl3t has limitations in detecting elements with extremely low concentrations (for instance, gold, silver, and platinum group elements in ppb).

One particular zinc anomaly (121 ppm Zn) was observed in the easternmost sample of the southern line. This sample also contained the highest amounts of arsenic (42 ppm As), copper (106 ppm Cu), iron (5.7%), and nickel (293 ppm Ni).

7.3 Stream Sediment Sampling Results

Maps of the stream sediment sampling are located in Appendix 6. Among the four stream sediment samples, sample BE_STR01 exhibited anomalous concentrations of As (327 ppm As) and Hg (0.59 ppm Hg). The other three samples registered low metal content. Anomalies for gold or silver were not detected in any of the stream samples.

8 CONCLUSION

The 2022 exploration program at the Bralorne East property was limited in scope, covering only a small section of the claims. Considering the property's expansive size, steep relief, and the accessibility provided by the roads running through valleys, a comprehensive exploration strategy is recommended for future work.

Given the prevalence of numerous streams draining the property, it is suggested that a combined approach involving Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) and Bulk Leach Extractable Gold (BLEG) sampling is adopted. This strategy would effectively capitalize on the sensitivity of these methods for detecting gold and other heavy minerals, which could be associated with potential mineralization. This approach could help to identify gold anomalies that might represent the dispersal train from undiscovered gold veins uphill from the streams.

In addition to the sampling approach, regional magnetic data has revealed two notable magnetic highs, suggesting areas of increased prospectivity (Figure 7).

- Trend 1, associated with a northwest-southeast oriented magnetic high, spatially correlates with the Gray Rock Mine, Bralorne West's Ranger and Saddle occurrences, and Endurance Gold's Reliance Property. It represents a favorable target due to its size, correlation with known mineralization, and its relatively unexplored status.
- Trend 2, situated to the north, is associated with a second magnetic high. This trend appears to be associated with the Mary Mac and Olympic occurrences and warrants further investigation.

Particular attention should be focused on these magnetic highs during future exploration efforts.



Figure 7. Bralorne East: Stream Drainages and Magnetic Targets

9 REFERENCES

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- Montgomery, R. 2003. Geochemical and Geological Report on the Truax Property. ARIS 27094A.
- Schimann, K. 1991. Geological and Geochemical Surveys on the Waterloo Property (Bralorne Project). ARIS 22119.
- Schiarizza, P., Gaba, R. G., Glover, J. K., Garver, J. I., & Umhoefer, P. J. (1997). Geology and mineral occurrences of the Taseko–Bridge River area. BC Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Bulletin 100, 291.

Appendix 1. Statement of Qualifications

I, Matt Fraser, do hereby certify the following:

- 1. I currently reside at Apt 112, 3163 Riverwalk Ave, Vancouver, B.C.
- 2. I hold a Bachelor of Science (BSc., 2009) from the University of Victoria.
- 3. I have been continuously engaged in mineral exploration since 2005, serving in various capacities such as prospector, field hand, IP geophysical lead, camp manager, and exploration manager.
- 4. I have visited and conducted the following work on the Bralorne East property:
 - Stream sediment sampling
 - MMI sampling
- 5. I am responsible for the preparation of the report entitled "2022 Exploration Report on the Bralorne East Property," including the conclusions drawn and the recommendations made therein.
- 6. To the best of my knowledge, as of the date of this certificate, the technical report contains all the necessary scientific and technical information required for full disclosure, ensuring that the report is not misleading in any way.

Dated this 8th of June, 2023

Matt Fraser Exploration Manager

2022 Bralorne East Work						
Drone Magnetic Survey	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
12 line-km (does not include labour)	Decoors	July 3-4	\$50/km	\$600.00		
Assays	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
4 streams	SGS	Aug 25	\$38.35/sample	\$153.41		
40 samples	XRF	July 5	\$5/sample	\$200.00		
				\$353.41		
Labour (person - role)	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
Matt Fraser - Exploration Manager	Decoors	July 3-4	\$550/day	\$1,100.00		
Ryan Dix - Drone Pilot	Decoors	July 3-4	\$500/day	\$1,000.00		
Robbie Douglas - Drone Assistant	Decoors	July 3-4	\$350/day	\$700.00		
James Fraser - Exploration Hand	Decoors	July 3-4	\$450/day	\$900.00		
				\$3,700.00		
Transportation	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
Ford F350	Decoors	July 3-4	\$100/day	\$200.00		
Toyota Tacoma	Decoors	July 3-4	\$100/day	\$200.00		
CanAm Defender (side-by-side)	Decoors	July 3-4	\$150/day	\$300.00		
				\$700.00		
Room and Board	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
Hotel and meals included	Decoors	July 3-4	\$175 per person/day	\$1,400.00		
Mobilization (inclusive of wages)	Contractor	Dates	Rate	Subtotal*		
Vancouver to Goldbridge, return - split with other Bralorne projects	Decoors	July	\$750	\$750.00		
Report preparation	Company	Personnel		Subtotal*		
Descerch writing interpretation man	Deecere	Matt		¢2 000 00		
Research, writing, interpretation, maps	Decoors	Fraser		\$3,000.00		
l otal Expenditures				\$10,503.41		

Appendix 2. Statement of Costs

Appendix 3. Drone Magnetic Maps









Appendix 4. MMI Sample Maps





Appendix 5. MMI Sample Descriptions

Sample_ID Easting		Northing	Sample Depth
BE0001	515500.6	5624399.6	10 - 25 cm
BE0002	515525.5	5624400.3	10 - 25 cm
BE0003	515550.8	5624400.3	10 - 25 cm
BE0004	515575	5624397.9	10 - 25 cm
BE0005	515600.3	5624402.2	10 - 25 cm
BE0006	515624.7	5624399.5	10 - 25 cm
BE0007	515642.8	5624414.3	10 - 25 cm
BE0008	515681.3	5624422.2	10 - 25 cm
BE0009	515694.3	5624430	10 - 25 cm
BE0010	515730.1	5624404	10 - 25 cm
BE0011	515750.3	5624400.3	10 - 25 cm
BE0012	515778.8	5624400.3	10 - 25 cm
BE0013	515801.5	5624399.9	10 - 25 cm
BE0014	515825.5	5624400	10 - 25 cm
BE0015	515845.2	5624398	10 - 25 cm
BE0016	515876.2	5624403.1	10 - 25 cm
BE0017	515802.2	5624496.9	10 - 25 cm
BE0018	515776	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0019	515750.1	5624501.9	10 - 25 cm
BE0020	515724.8	5624506.4	10 - 25 cm

Sample_ID	Easting	Northing	Sample Depth
BE0021	515701	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0022	515674	5624498	10 - 25 cm
BE0023	515650	5624499	10 - 25 cm
BE0024	515626	5624499	10 - 25 cm
BE0025	515601	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0026	515575	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0027	515551	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0028	515525	5624501	10 - 25 cm
BE0029	515501	5624501	10 - 25 cm
BE0030	515403	5624499	10 - 25 cm
BE0031	515375	5624500	10 - 25 cm
BE0032	515351	5624499	10 - 25 cm
BE0033	515325	5624499	10 - 25 cm
BE0034	515328	5624404	10 - 25 cm
BE0035	515350	5624402	10 - 25 cm
BE0036	515378	5624400	10 - 25 cm
BE0037	515400	5624404	10 - 25 cm
BE0038	515425	5624400	10 - 25 cm
BE0039	515449	5624400	10 - 25 cm
BE0040	515478	5624404	10 - 25 cm

Appendix 6. Stream Sediment Sample Maps



Appendix 7. Stream Sediment Sample Descriptions

Stream_ID	Easting	Northing	Notes
BE_STR01	521206	5633699	Road deactivated here. Fast flowing stream. Larger than the rest.
BE_STR02	521587	5634375	Small stream on side road.
BE_STR03	521620	5634497	Small stream #2 on side road.
BE_STR04	521735	5633262	Stream on main Gray Rock Mines road.

Appendix 8. XRF Analysis Data Certificate

Thermo Fisher S C I E N T I F I C SOIL SAMPLE XRF RESULTS

Date of test July 2022

Report no.

1

Company	Customer	PMI equipment	Serial no.
Wild West Gold Corp.	Mike Lee	Niton XL3t	
Project	Subject / article no.		
Bralorne East			
Standard/Procedure	Drawing no		Rev.no
XRF Results			

Time	Sample	Duration	Units	Cu	Cu Error	Au	Au Error	Мо	Mo Error	Mn	Mn Error	Zn	Zn Error	Fe	Fe Error	Sr	Sr Error	Zr	Zr Error	As	As Error	Ni	Ni Error
July 5, 2022	BE-01	60	ppm	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	274.1	42.6	50.7	8.14	10401.0	166.1	121.7	4.08	67.65	3.84	5.10	2.75	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-02	60	ppm	44.9	11.3	0.0	N/A	4.8	2.8	331.4	43.8	83.0	9.37	10226.4	160.2	64.7	2.99	67.75	3.58	5.54	2.50	44.41	21.83
July 5, 2022	BE-03	60	ppm	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	6.2	3.1	320.9	46.8	56.8	8.75	13664.7	195.1	281.2	6.23	107.08	4.90	5.64	3.02	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-04	60	ppm	33.6	11.8	0.0	N/A	4.9	3.0	302.7	46.7	62.2	9	16090.3	211.3	118.1	4.13	96.21	4.36	10.43	2.92	57.87	24.36
July 5, 2022	BE-05	60	ppm	37.6	12.3	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	332.9	50.0	57.0	8.86	20937.7	243.3	95.3	3.79	76.76	4.05	16.42	3.48	135.93	27.44
July 5, 2022	BE-06	60	ppm	47.5	13.4	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	688.6	68.5	63.5	9.63	33337.4	319.3	161.1	5.03	128.27	5.15	12.83	3.12	73.99	27.76
July 5, 2022	BE-07	60	ppm	36.1	11.9	0.0	N/A	8.7	3.1	643.3	60.5	56.0	8.74	17877.9	222.3	120.2	4.15	91.26	4.29	9.77	2.95	45.66	24.40
July 5, 2022	BE-08	60	ppm	37.7	11.2	0.0	N/A	7.4	2.9	353.5	46.2	59.9	8.55	11579.6	173.5	203.9	5.15	79.58	4.19	0.00	N/A	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-09	60	ppm	30.8	11.9	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	852.1	67.9	68.1	9.34	20750.0	240.1	243.3	5.81	97.94	4.70	7.15	2.93	44.54	24.73
July 5, 2022	BE-10	60	ppm	48.6	12.5	0.0	N/A	4.8	3.0	788.8	66.0	70.7	9.52	21627.3	244.4	199.1	5.26	97.66	4.58	8.95	2.91	59.85	24.85
July 5, 2022	BE-11	60	ppm	43.3	12.1	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	322.4	47.8	60.6	8.99	19548.4	230.0	212.9	5.38	111.42	4.75	4.31	2.76	38.55	24.02
July 5, 2022	BE-12	60	ppm	82.8	15.2	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	1295.2	87.0	87.5	10.9	32971.1	317.3	162.8	5.04	96.49	4.71	17.34	3.66	162.08	30.42
July 5, 2022	BE-13	60	ppm	52.1	14.6	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	1671.8	102.0	75.8	10.78	46034.7	388.2	266.2	6.60	174.67	6.17	17.46	3.72	123.68	31.44
July 5, 2022	BE-14	60	ppm	82.8	16.1	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	797.4	76.4	105.5	11.91	41995.1	366.4	117.3	4.44	128.33	5.18	32.85	4.47	293.45	35.84
July 5, 2022	BE-15	60	ppm	53.2	15.7	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	1077.6	91.2	79.3	11.6	54501.9	440.6	189.1	5.86	209.49	6.71	18.63	3.83	89.80	33.32
July 5, 2022	BE-16	60	ppm	105.6	17.7	0.0	N/A	6.4	3.6	1173.2	93.2	121.2	13.18	57062.9	444.0	166.1	5.43	185.87	6.27	41.79	5.05	225.27	36.82
July 5, 2022	BE-17	60	ppm	68.6	15.5	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	840.5	79.5	95.7	11.81	43454.0	382.0	148.9	5.08	174.65	5.99	34.56	4.54	183.02	33.22
July 5, 2022	BE-18	60	ppm	49.6	14.3	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	1005.6	82.6	77.9	10.73	39256.4	358.8	182.5	5.52	157.35	5.78	15.57	3.50	99.33	30.60
July 5, 2022	BE-19	60	ppm	31.8	11.0	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	675.6	59.3	48.3	7.97	14919.6	198.1	169.8	4.75	69.93	3.99	6.24	2.70	39.50	22.29
July 5, 2022	BE-20	60	ppm	64.1	13.3	0.0	N/A	9.7	3.1	476.3	55.2	88.5	10.27	22645.5	248.5	94.5	3.71	93.30	4.23	25.85	3.81	104.71	26.39
July 5, 2022	BE-21	60	ppm	55.9	14.0	0.0	N/A	5.5	3.3	745.2	71.1	62.9	9.77	36771.2	335.4	194.6	5.50	170.41	5.77	6.24	2.79	57.54	28.18
July 5, 2022	BE-22	60	ppm	38.2	11.9	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	486.1	54.5	55.2	8.65	17529.5	220.5	114.5	4.07	95.12	4.33	13.76	3.17	57.06	24.28
July 5, 2022	BE-23	60	ppm	30.4	12.3	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	588.3	60.7	79.4	10.05	20314.0	243.3	184.8	5.22	133.83	5.15	10.54	3.14	87.37	26.73
July 5, 2022	BE-24	60	ppm	29.9	11.7	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	421.7	52.0	56.7	8.79	17752.2	221.2	115.7	4.08	81.76	4.13	9.02	3.01	55.21	24.50
July 5, 2022	BE-25	60	ppm	31.0	10.8	0.0	N/A	7.0	2.9	414.4	47.7	57.2	8.24	11880.8	172.0	119.9	3.93	66.45	3.70	4.04	2.58	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-26	60	ppm	39.4	11.6	0.0	N/A	4.7	2.9	273.4	44.0	56.6	8.44	14194.4	193.2	60.7	2.99	61.49	3.56	19.12	3.23	126.35	25.53
July 5, 2022	BE-27	60	ppm	42.0	11.9	0.0	N/A	8.0	3.0	308.0	45.3	65.1	9.01	12738.2	184.2	106.3	3.85	64.96	3.77	16.19	3.13	49.77	23.53
July 5, 2022	BE-28	60	ppm	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	297.0	45.3	48.7	8.34	12592.3	188.1	281.6	6.25	94.91	4.76	7.10	2.93	44.03	23.56
July 5, 2022	BE-29	60	ppm	35.6	10.8	0.0	N/A	6.0	2.8	508.8	50.0	43.4	7.65	6726.5	130.2	229.8	5.32	/3.05	4.06	0.00	N/A	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-30	60	ppm	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	185.3	38.5	38.7	7.64	9918.2	163.9	264.4	5.95	105.22	4.76	0.00	N/A	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-31	60	ppm	41.7	12.2	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	4/2.4	55.3	70.3	9.51	1/991.8	226.4	114.3	4.12	/6.16	4.11	6.96	2.86	118.56	26.49
July 5, 2022	BE-32	60	ppm	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	677.3	55.9	29.3	6.73	7398.5	136.1	198.6	4.95	55.40	3.73	0.00	N/A	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-33	60	ppm	29.8	11.2	0.0	N/A	6.5	3.0	362.9	47.3	32.4	7.43	11846.4	178.4	192.9	5.10	89.34	4.37	0.00	N/A	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	BE-34	60	ppm	20.2	11.1	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	728.2	63.2	66.0	9.28	14130.2	200.0	253.1	5.96	93.89	4.70	5.83	3.04	0.00	N/A
July 5, 2022	DE-35	60	ppm	03.3	12.9	0.0	IN/A	0.0	N/A	330.6	47.5	10.5	9.03	12672.0	219.1 101 E	160.0	3.29	06.40	3.91	19.49	3.34 N/A	0.00	IN/A
July 5, 2022	DE-30	00	ppm	32.1	11.1	0.0	IN/A	0.0	N/A	431.2	49.2	40.0	10.24	10226 7	221.0	167.0	4.72	90.49	4.34	0.00	IN/A	40.51	22.77
July 5, 2022	DE-3/	00	ppm	29.5	11.7	0.0	IN/A	0.0	N/A	730.3	03.7	90.3	10.24	19330.7	231.0	107.0	4.04	104.02	4.59	0.22	2.90	70.64	24.90
July 5, 2022	DE-38	00	ppm	19.7	11.0	0.0	IN/A	0.0	N/A	2/9.3	45.4	60.7	9.29	14333.1	199.3	191.3	5.17	92.30	4.48	0.71	3.02	33.88	23.38
July 5, 2022	DE-39	60	ppm	31.1	11.5	0.0	N/A	0.0	N/A	292.1	43.7	00.4	0./0	16017.3	265.0	F2 2	4.23	02 70	4.42	9.00	2.92	92.27	24.90
July 5, 2022	DE-40	00	ppm	აა .9	10.7	0.0	IN/A	0.0	IN/A	2/0.0	20.9	90.7	13.90	10014.0	200.9	JJ .2	3.13	03.10	D. ID	9.10	3.01	100.29	31.91

Appendix 9. Stream Samples (SGS) Data Certificate



ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

GE ARM3V25

To COD SGS MINERALS - GEOCHEM VANCOUVER DECOORS- MIKE LEE SGS CANADA INC 3260 PRODUCTION WAY BURNABY V5A 4W4 BC CANADA

Order Number	Decoors Mining	Date Received	15-Jul-2022
Project	DECOORS MINING	Date Analysed	11-Aug-2022 - 23-Sep-2022
Submission Number	Bralorne Group	Date Completed	23-Sep-2022
Number of Samples	4	SGS Order Number	BBM22-20252
Methods Summary	Mathad Cada		
Number of Sample	Method Code	<u>Description</u> Weight of samples received	

2 Acid leach (HCL/HNO3), ICP-MS

4

Authorised Signatory

John Chiang Laboratory Operations Manager

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WARNING: The sample(s) to which the findings recorded herein (the "Findings") relate was(were) drawn and / or provided by the Client or by a third party acting at the Client's direction. The Findings constitute no warranty of the sample's representativeness of any goods and strictly relate to the sample(s). The Company accepts no liability with regard to the origin or source from which the sample(s) is/are said to be extracted. The findings report on the samples provided by the client and are not intended for commercial or contractual settlement purposes.

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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MIN-M_COA_ROW-Last Modified Date: 05-Nov-2019

SGS Canada Inc. NAM Minerals Geochemistry 3260 Production Way Burnaby BC. V5A 4W4 CANADA **t** +1 (604) 638 2349 **f** +1 (604) 444 5486



Order Number	
Project	
Submission Number	
Number of Samples	

ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

Element Method Lower Limit Upper Limit	WTKG G_WGH_KG 0.01 	Ag GE_ARM3V25 0.02 70	As GE_ARM3V25 0.5 2,000	Au GE_ARM3V25 1 500	Ba GE_ARM3V25 0.5 5,000	Be GE_ARM3V25 0.02 500
Unit	кд	ppm m / m	ppm m / m	ррр	ppm m / m	ppm m / m
BE_STR01	2.53	0.12	327	8	140	0.43
BE_STR02	1.74	0.19	83.3	8	311	0.57
BE_STR03	2.09	0.32	77.5	5	321	0.58
BE_STR04	1.95	0.11	68.3	8	118	0.26
*Blk BLANK	-	<0.02	<0.5	<1	<0.5	<0.02
*Rep BE_STR01	-	0.13	316	8	133	0.41
*Std OREAS 261	-	0.22	17.0	43	167	1.23
*Std OREAS 905	-	0.55	31.8	408	238	1.04
*Std OREAS 153b	-	1.48	79.0	322	22.2	0.18

Element	Bi	Cd	Ce	Со	Cs	Cu
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.5
Upper Limit	500	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	5,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	0.78	0.31	16.17	24.2	6.87	55.0
BE_STR02	0.22	0.42	16.05	25.8	2.56	69.2
BE_STR03	0.22	0.24	20.49	16.5	1.73	42.3
BE_STR04	0.57	0.28	12.27	25.2	3.86	62.7
*Blk BLANK	<0.01	<0.02	<0.05	<0.1	<0.01	<0.5
*Rep BE_STR01	0.80	0.30	15.73	23.4	6.70	53.2
*Std OREAS 261	0.60	0.29	32.70	35.5	3.63	61.7
*Std OREAS 905	5.85	0.37	79.37	14.7	1.29	1733
*Std OREAS 153b	1.75	0.26	8.34	15.4	0.25	>5000

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

Element	Dy	Er	Eu	Ga	Gd	Hf
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01
Upper Limit	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	1.43	0.63	0.48	6.45	2.08	0.05
BE_STR02	1.69	0.79	0.60	7.02	2.35	0.05
BE_STR03	1.21	0.57	0.41	6.25	1.67	0.06
BE_STR04	1.25	0.62	0.38	5.60	1.85	0.03
*Blk BLANK	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.05	<0.01	<0.01
*Rep BE_STR01	1.37	0.62	0.46	6.12	2.05	0.04
*Std OREAS 261	2.28	1.13	0.72	4.41	3.47	0.44
*Std OREAS 905	1.68	0.47	0.91	5.89	3.88	1.11
*Std OREAS 153b	1.88	1.05	0.57	7.59	2.16	0.04

Element	Hg	Ho	In	La	Li	Lu
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.02	0.01	0.005	0.05	0.1	0.002
Upper Limit	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	2,000	1,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	0.59	0.23	0.029	6.84	25.9	0.062
BE_STR02	0.27	0.29	0.038	6.82	32.1	0.079
BE_STR03	0.07	0.21	0.031	6.25	35.6	0.057
BE_STR04	0.05	0.22	0.017	5.49	21.0	0.062
*Blk BLANK	<0.02	<0.01	<0.005	<0.05	<0.1	<0.002
*Rep BE_STR01	0.57	0.23	0.027	6.63	24.9	0.063
*Std OREAS 261	0.10	0.39	0.023	15.80	22.0	0.121
*Std OREAS 905	<0.02	0.21	0.577	39.34	4.4	0.028
*Std OREAS 153b	0.08	0.35	0.213	3.41	3.2	0.107

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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SGS Canada Inc. NAM Minerals Geochemistry 3260 Production Way Burnaby BC. V5A 4W4 CANADA t +1 (604) 638 2349 f +1 (604) 444 5486



Order Number	
Project	
Submission Number	
Number of Samples	

ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

Element	Mn	Мо	Nb	Nd	Ni	Pb
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.5	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.5	0.2
Upper Limit	5,000	2,000	1,000	1,000	5,000	1,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	702	1.92	0.15	8.69	163	5.0
BE_STR02	1030	2.23	0.61	8.77	138	9.2
BE_STR03	551	1.41	0.73	7.52	86.9	8.3
BE_STR04	490	1.26	0.33	7.35	152	2.5
*Blk BLANK	<0.5	<0.02	<0.02	<0.03	<0.5	<0.2
*Rep BE_STR01	675	1.88	0.14	8.29	156	4.9
*Std OREAS 261	498	0.51	<0.02	14.83	79.5	34.6
*Std OREAS 905	355	3.07	0.09	30.97	9.5	15.6
*Std OREAS 153b	249	165	<0.02	6.36	11.4	12.5

Element	Pr	Rb	Re	Sb	Sc	Se
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.01	0.05	0.001	0.02	0.1	0.5
Upper Limit	1,000	1,000	100	1,000	1,000	2,500
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	1.93	14.13	0.002	4.90	6.1	0.7
BE_STR02	1.93	9.90	0.003	6.65	7.8	1.8
BE_STR03	1.75	9.13	0.001	4.04	5.9	0.6
BE_STR04	1.59	11.64	0.002	1.17	5.3	0.7
*Blk BLANK	<0.01	<0.05	<0.001	<0.02	<0.1	<0.5
*Rep BE_STR01	1.88	13.73	0.002	4.78	5.8	0.7
*Std OREAS 261	3.46	16.78	<0.001	2.72	3.1	<0.5
*Std OREAS 905	7.92	16.92	<0.001	1.20	1.7	2.3
*Std OREAS 153b	1.25	6.59	0.182	2.21	10.1	10.3

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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SGS Canada Inc. NAM Minerals Geochemistry 3260 Production Way Burnaby BC. V5A 4W4 CANADA t +1 (604) 638 2349 f +1 (604) 444 5486



Order Number	
Project	
Submission Number	
Number of Samples	

ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

Element	Sm	Sn	Sr	Та	Tb	Те
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.02	0.05	0.1	0.01	0.005	0.02
Upper Limit	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	2.23	0.35	64.4	<0.01	0.270	0.09
BE_STR02	2.34	0.58	53.1	<0.01	0.314	0.07
BE_STR03	1.85	0.53	40.0	<0.01	0.230	0.06
BE_STR04	1.90	0.26	53.7	<0.01	0.246	0.08
*BIk BLANK	<0.02	<0.05	<0.1	<0.01	<0.005	<0.02
*Rep BE_STR01	2.18	0.33	61.0	<0.01	0.264	0.08
*Std OREAS 261	3.88	0.51	19.0	<0.01	0.435	0.11
*Std OREAS 905	5.84	1.30	12.2	<0.01	0.408	0.06
*Std OREAS 153b	1.99	3.33	33.0	<0.01	0.317	0.22

Element	Th	TI	U	W	Y	Yb
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25
Lower Limit	0.01	0.01	0.01	1	0.02	0.01
Upper Limit	1,000	1,000	1,000	100	1,000	1,000
Unit	ppm m / m					
BE_STR01	2.18	0.17	1.91	<1	6.40	0.47
BE_STR02	0.75	0.13	0.40	<1	8.09	0.58
BE_STR03	0.99	0.09	0.26	<1	5.46	0.43
BE_STR04	0.85	0.11	0.58	<1	6.17	0.45
*Blk BLANK	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<1	<0.02	<0.01
*Rep BE_STR01	2.34	0.17	1.92	<1	6.23	0.45
*Std OREAS 261	9.97	0.26	1.30	<1	10.63	0.87
*Std OREAS 905	7.75	0.10	2.13	<1	6.20	0.22
*Std OREAS 153b	0.32	0.06	0.06	<1	9.31	0.83

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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SGS Canada Inc. NAM Minerals Geochemistry 3260 Production Way Burnaby BC. V5A 4W4 CANADA t +1 (604) 638 2349 f +1 (604) 444 5486



Order Number	Decoors Mining
Project	DECOORS MINING
Submission Number	Bralorne Group
Number of Samples	4

ANALYSIS REPORT BBM22-20252

Element	Zn	Zr	
Method	GE_ARM3V25	GE_ARM3V25	
Lower Limit	1	0.1	
Upper Limit	5,000	1,000	
Unit	ppm m / m	ppm m / m	
BE_STR01	78	1.4	
BE_STR02	97	1.4	
BE_STR03	80	2.0	
BE_STR04	60	1.0	
*Blk BLANK	<1	<0.1	
*Rep BE_STR01	75	1.2	
*Std OREAS 261	122	10.9	
*Std OREAS 905	63	31.8	
*Std OREAS 153b	103	1.1	

- not analysed | -- element not determined | I.S. insufficient sample | L.N.R. listed not received

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